FORZAPTC the best of both PEEK and TITANIUM



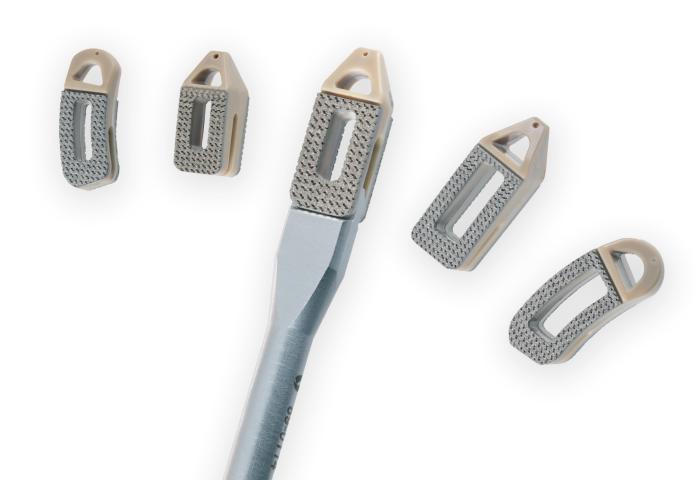




The FORZA® PTC Spacer System has been designed to help optimize Transforaminal Lumbar Interbody Fusion (TLIF), Posterior Lumbar Interbody Fusion (PLIF) and Oblique Lumbar Interbody Fusion procedures with surgeon designed implants and instruments. FORZA PTC Spacers offer a unique technology that combines PEEK and titanium into a porous interbody solution for the lumbar spine. This PEEK/Titanium hybrid is designed with a 3D porous endplate that allows the patient's bone to grow into its surface creating a bond between the implant and the patient's bone.

Special features of the FORZA PTC spacers include:

- 3D printed porous titanium endplates are designed to allow the patient's bone to grow into the porous plate
- PEEK core to obtain imaging properties while assessing fusion
- Threaded connection to the Implant Inserter with rail grooves for a secure hold
- Bulleted nose to assist with distraction
- Vertical tantalum marker 1mm from the end and titanium plates for clear in-situ implant positioning
- Large opening for packing bone grafting material



Potential Bone Ingrowth

FORZA PTC is designed for potential bone ingrowth. Other implants, such as plasma titanium coating, only offer potential for bone ongrowth. Scaffolds with higher porosity, larger pore size, and open pore structure are associated with greater bone ingrowth¹.

FORZA PTC vs Plasma Titanium Coatings

- 9x thicker than plasma titanium coatings (0.9mm)^{1,2}
- 5x more porous than plasma titanium coatings (50% porosity)^{1,2}
- 4x larger pores than Plasma titanium coatings (400 mm) 1,2
- Designed with open pore structure 2,3

| Comparison with Commonly Used Surface Sprays and Porous Metals | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| | Plasma Sprayed Ti ¹ | CoCr Beads ² | Trabecular Metal³ | PTC |
| | | | | |
| Material | CP Ti | Co-28Cr-6Mo | Ta | Ti-6al-4V |
| Porosity | 3-10% | 35% | 82% | 50% |
| Pore Size | 80-100 um | 50-300 um | 480 um | 400 um |

^{1.} Vassilis, K., Kaplan, D. Porosity of 3D biomaterials scaffolds and osteogensis, Biomaterials 26 (2005) 5474-5491

^{2.} Kurtz, S, "PEEK BIOMATERIALS HANDBOOKS", ELSEVIER, 2012

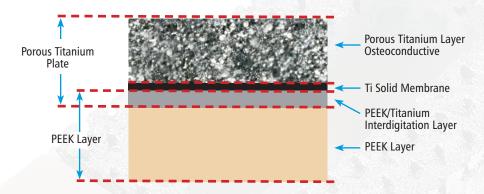
^{3.} Shanbhag S, Rubash A, Jacobs J, "JOINT REPLACEMENT AND BONE RESORPTION, PATHOLOGY, BIOMATERIALS AND CLINICAL PRACTICE", Taylor and Francis, 2006

PTC Technology

PEEK Titanium Composite (PTC) Technology is a proprietary design and manufacturing method that incorporates the radiolucency and elasticity of PEEK with porous 3-dimensional metal resulting in a novel implant with the potential for bone tissue in-growth within the surgical site.

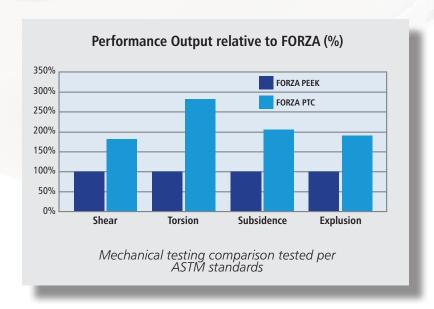
Advanced Design and Manufacturing

The pores of the 3-dimensional titanium endplates are specifically designed to size and interconnectivity requirements and are manufactured with 3D printing technology. The proprietary design creates a PEEK/Titanium inter-digitation layer that ensures an integrated and secure mechanical bond between the endplate and the PEEK core.



Mechanical Performance

The FORZA PTC implant outperforms its predicate in industry standard testing. All performance outputs were normalized to the FORZA® PEEK Spacer. The performances increase from as low as 70% in shear testing to as high as 180% in torsion test.



Imaging Advantage

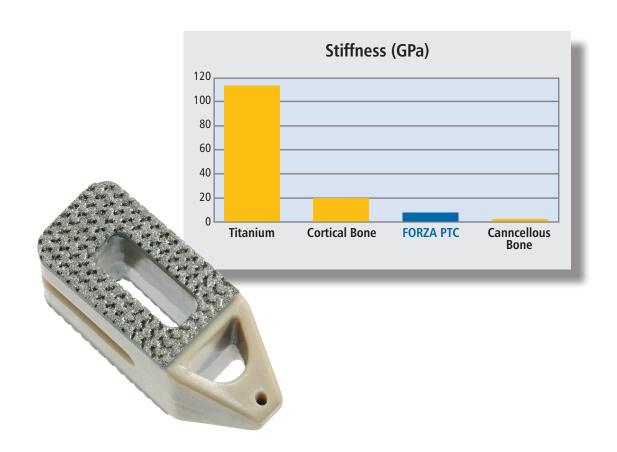
The core of FORZA PTC is made of PEEK to assess fusion post operatively. The titanium endplates are radiopaque for clear delineation of cage-endplate contact.



Vertical tantalum marker 1mm from the end, titanium plates for clear in-situ implant positioning

Bone-Like Elastic Modulus

The elastic modulus of FORZA PTC is between cortical and cancellous bone which may improve load sharing and minimize stress shielding of the graft. Metals, such as titanium, are much stiffer than cortical bone which may create stress shielding.



Available in 10 footprints

Straight Spacers (PLIF & TLIF)

| Profile | Height | Lordosis |
|-------------|------------|----------|
| 9mm x 23mm | 7mm - 14mm | 00 |
| 9mm x 23mm | 8mm - 14mm | 80 |
| 9mm x 27mm | 7mm - 14mm | 00 |
| 9mm x 27mm | 9mm - 14mm | 80 |
| 11mm x 27mm | 7mm - 14mm | 00 |
| 11mm x 31mm | 7mm - 14mm | 00 |



Curved Spacers (TLIF)

| Profile | Height | Lordos |
|-------------|------------|--------|
| 9mm x 27mm | 7mm - 14mm | 00 |
| 9mm x 27mm | 8mm - 14mm | 80 |
| 11mm x 27mm | 7mm - 14mm | 00 |
| 11mm x 31mm | 7mm - 14mm | 00 |



9x23 Straight 0°

| _ |
|-------------------|
| Description |
| 9W X 23L X 7H 0° |
| 9W X 23L X 8H 0° |
| 9W X 23L X 9H 0° |
| 9W X 23L X 10H 0° |
| 9W X 23L X 11H 0° |
| 9W X 23L X 12H 0° |
| 9W X 23L X 13H 0° |
| 9W X 23L X 14H 0° |
| |

9x23 Straight 8^o

| | • |
|-----------|--------------------|
| Part # | Description |
| 38-7008SP | 9W X 23L X 8H, 8° |
| 38-7009SP | 9W X 23L X 9H, 8° |
| 38-7010SP | 9W X 23L X 10H, 8° |
| 38-7011SP | 9W X 23L X 11H, 8° |
| 38-7012SP | 9W X 23L X 12H, 8° |
| 38-7013SP | 9W X 23L X 13H, 8° |
| 38-7014SP | 9W X 23L X 14H, 8° |
| | · |

9x27 Straight 0°

| | • |
|-----------|--------------------|
| Part # | Description |
| 38-3007SP | 9W X 27L X 7H, 0° |
| 38-3008SP | 9W X 27L X 8H, 0° |
| 38-3009SP | 9W X 27L X 9H, 0° |
| 38-3010SP | 9W X 27L X 10H, 0° |
| 38-3011SP | 9W X 27L X 11H, 0° |
| 38-3012SP | 9W X 27L X 12H, 0° |
| 38-3013SP | 9W X 27L X 13H, 0° |
| 38-3014SP | 9W X 27L X 14H, 0° |
| | |

9x27 Straight 8°

| Part# | Description |
|-----------|--------------------|
| 38-9009SP | 9W X 27L X 9H, 8° |
| 38-9010SP | 9W X 27L X 10H, 8° |
| 38-9011SP | 9W X 27L X 11H, 8° |
| 38-9012SP | 9W X 27L X 12H, 8° |
| 38-9013SP | 9W X 27L X 13H, 8° |
| 38-9014SP | 9W X 27L X 14H, 8° |

9x27 Curved 0°

| Part # | Description |
|-----------|--------------------|
| 38-1707SP | 9W X 27L X 7H, 0° |
| 38-1708SP | 9W X 27L X 8H, 0° |
| 38-1709SP | 9W X 27L X 9H, 0° |
| 38-1710SP | 9W X 27L X 10H, 0° |
| 38-1711SP | 9W X 27L X 11H, 0° |
| 38-1712SP | 9W X 27L X 12H, 0° |
| 38-1713SP | 9W X 27L X 13H, 0° |
| 38-1714SP | 9W X 27L X 14H, 0° |

9x27 Curved 8º

| Part # | Description |
|-----------|--------------------|
| 38-4508SP | 9W X 27L X 8H, 8° |
| 38-4509SP | 9W X 27L X 9H, 8° |
| 38-4510SP | 9W X 27L X 10H, 8° |
| 38-4511SP | 9W X 27L X 11H, 8° |
| 38-4512SP | 9W X 27L X 12H, 8° |
| 38-4513SP | 9W X 27L X 13H, 8° |
| 38-4514SP | 9W X 27L X 14H, 8° |

11x27 Straight 0º

| | • |
|-----------|---------------------|
| Part # | Description |
| 38-4007SP | 11W X 27L X 7H, 0° |
| 38-4008SP | 11W X 27L X 8H, 0° |
| 38-4009SP | 11W X 27L X 9H, 0° |
| 38-4010SP | 11W X 27L X 10H, 0° |
| 38-4011SP | 11W X 27L X 11H, 0° |
| 38-4012SP | 11W X 27L X 12H, 0° |
| 38-4013SP | 11W X 27L X 13H, 0° |
| 38-4014SP | 11W X 27L X 14H, 0° |

11x27 Curved 0°

| Part # | Description |
|-----------|---------------------|
| 38-1807SP | 11W X 27L X 7H, 0° |
| 38-1808SP | 11W X 27L X 8H, 0° |
| 38-1809SP | 11W X 27L X 9H, 0° |
| 38-1810SP | 11W X 27L X 10H, 0° |
| 38-1811SP | 11W X 27L X 11H, 0° |
| 38-1812SP | 11W X 27L X 12H, 0° |
| 38-1813SP | 11W X 27L X 13H, 0° |
| 38-1814SP | 11W X 27L X 14H, 0° |

11x31 Straight 0°

| Part # | Description |
|-----------|---------------------|
| 38-6007SP | 11W X 31L X 7H, 0° |
| 38-6008SP | 11W X 31L X 8H, 0° |
| 38-6009SP | 11W X 31L X 9H, 0° |
| 38-6010SP | 11W X 31L X 10,H 0° |
| 38-6011SP | 11W X 31L X 11,H 0° |
| 38-6012SP | 11W X 31L X 12H, 0° |
| 38-6013SP | 11W X 31L X 13H, 0° |
| 38-6014SP | 11W X 31L X 14H, 0° |
| | |

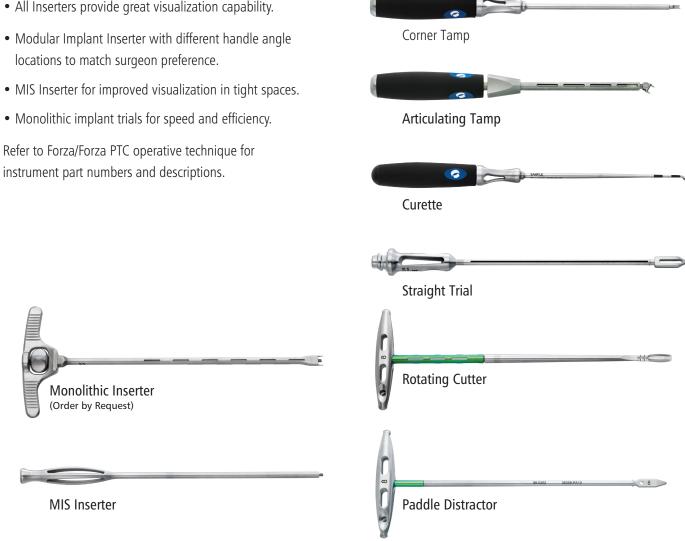
11x31 Curved 0º

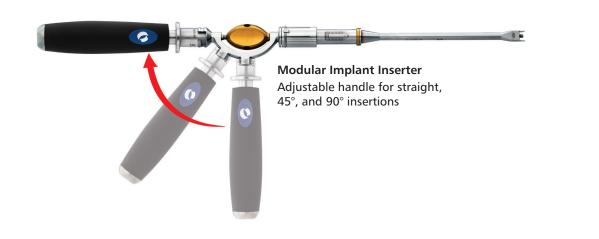
| Part# | Description |
|------------|---------------------|
| 38-4207SP | 11W X 31L X 7H, 0° |
| 38-4208SP | 11W X 31L X 8H, 0° |
| 38-4209SP | 11W X 31L X 9H, 0° |
| 38-4210SP | 11W X 31L X 10H, 0° |
| 38-4211SP | 11W X 31L X 11H, 0° |
| 38-4212SP | 11W X 31L X 12H, 0° |
| 38-4213SP | 11W X 31L X 13H, 0° |
| 20_/21/JCD | 11W/ X 31L X 1/H 00 |

Streamlined Instrumentation

- Firm connection to the implant.
- All Inserters provide great visualization capability.

Refer to Forza/Forza PTC operative technique for













For Indications, Safety, and Warnings, please visit www.Orthofix.com/IFU $\,$

